

Imagen en placa vulnerable

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CORONARY AND STRUCTURAL COURSE
CURSO CORONARIO Y ESTRUCTURAL

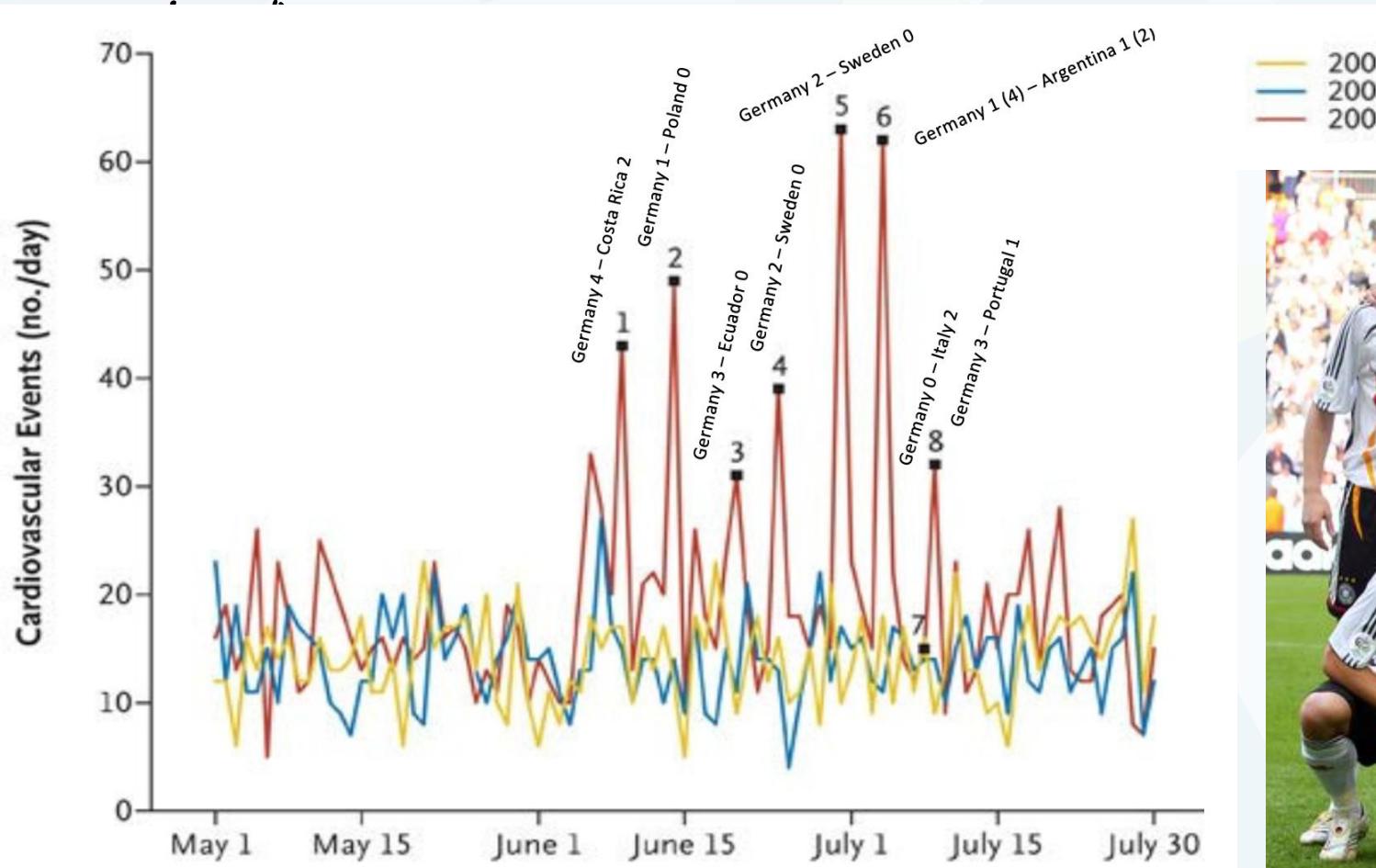
MADRID

10º
ANIVERSARIO

6, 7 y 8 NOVIEMBRE
HOTEL RIU PLAZA DE ESPAÑA



- Número de hospitalizaciones por eventos CV durante el Mundial del 2006 comparado con los años previos (sin competición deportiva)







CSC 2024

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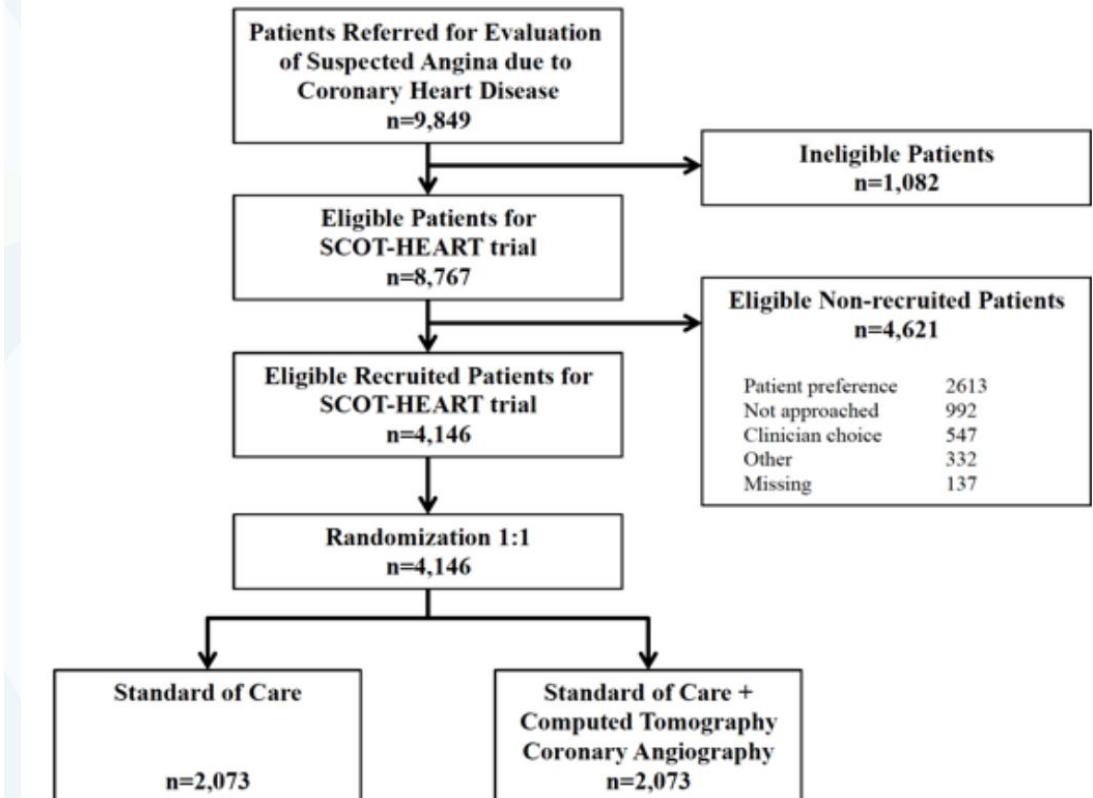
- Un total de 4000 pacientes con **síndrome coronario crónico** fueron aleatorizados a **manejo estándar vs. manejo estándar + TC cardíaco**.



CT SCAN

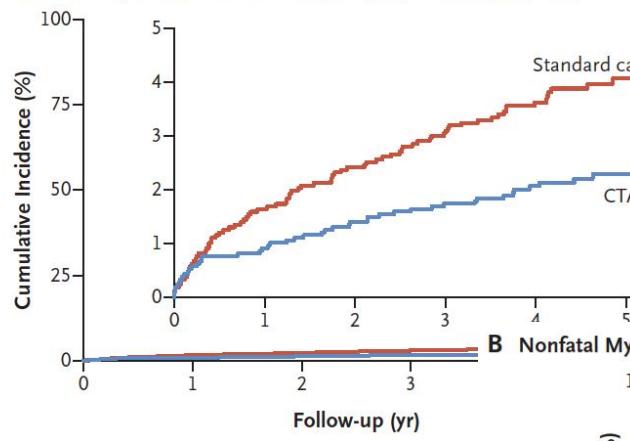


SCOT-HEART trial

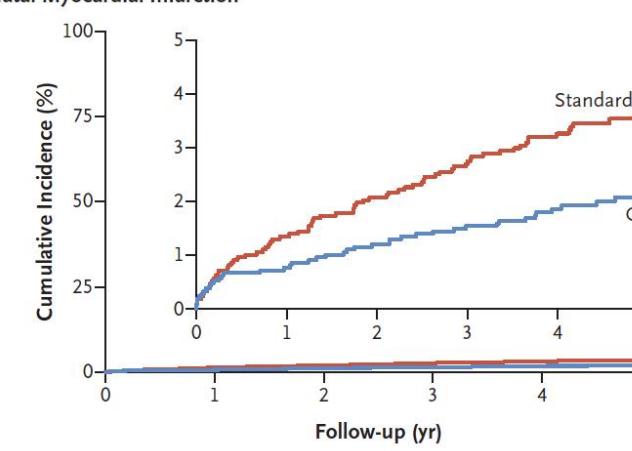


- Un total de 4000 pacientes con **síndrome coronario crónico** fueron aleatorizados a **manejo estándar vs. manejo estándar + TC cardíaco**.

A Death from Coronary Heart Disease or Nonfatal Myocardial Infarction



B Nonfatal Myocardial Infarction



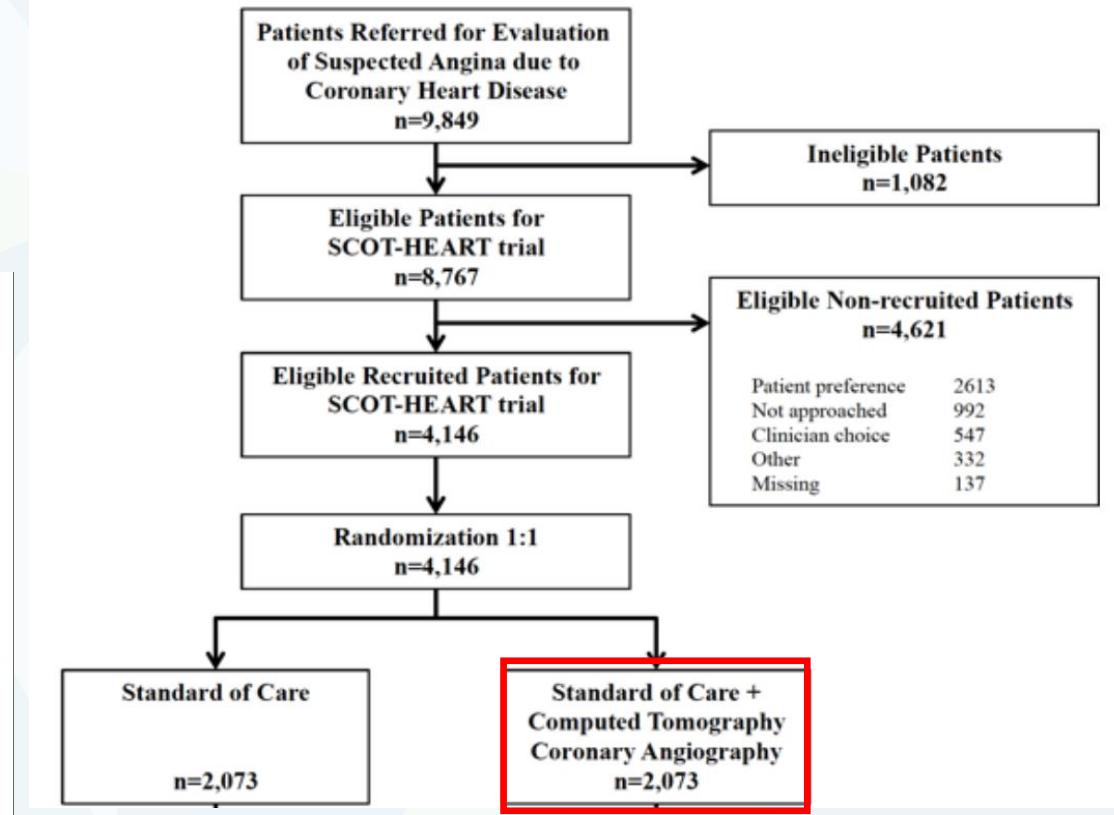
No. at Risk
 Standard care 2073 2033 2008 1994
 CTA 2073 2051 2029 2015

No. at Risk

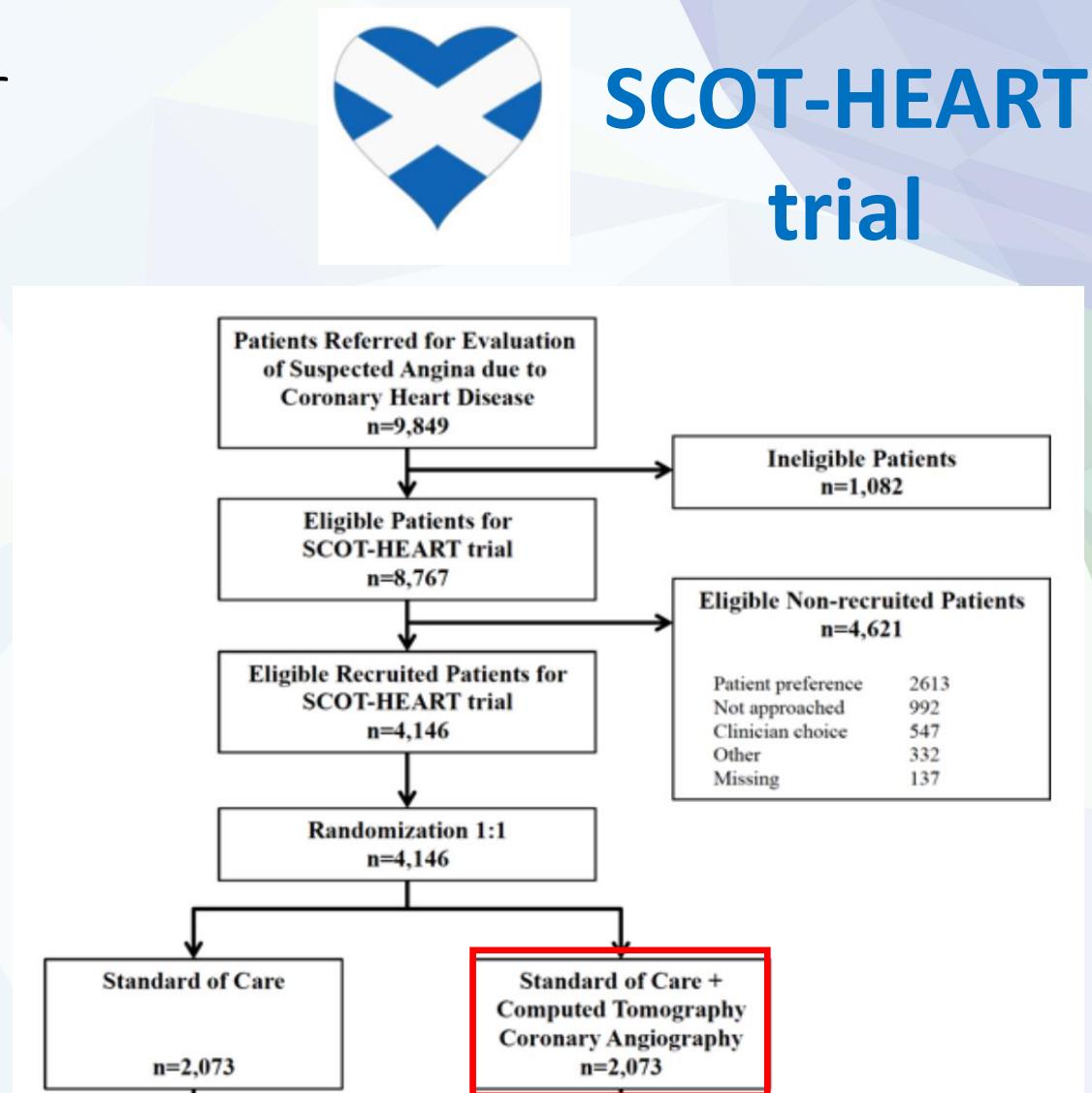
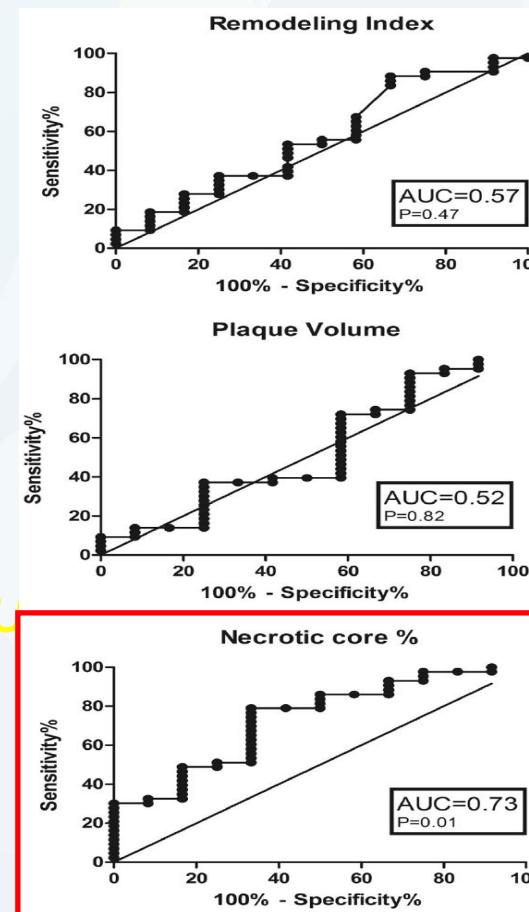
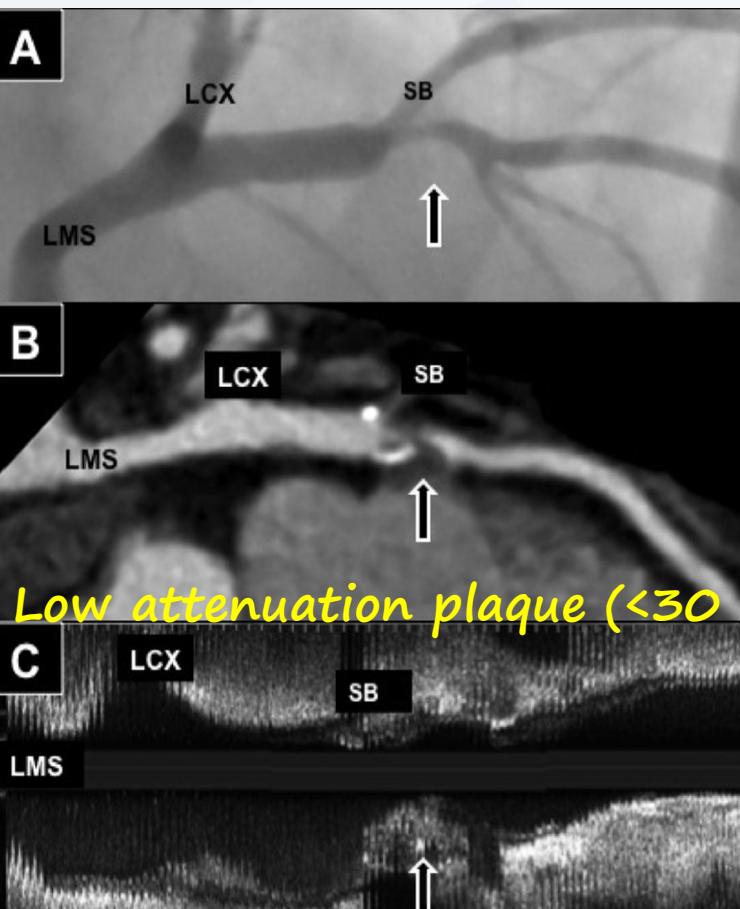
Standard care 2073 2045 2030 2017 1597 881
 CTA 2073 2057 2048 2041 1618 891



SCOT-HEART trial



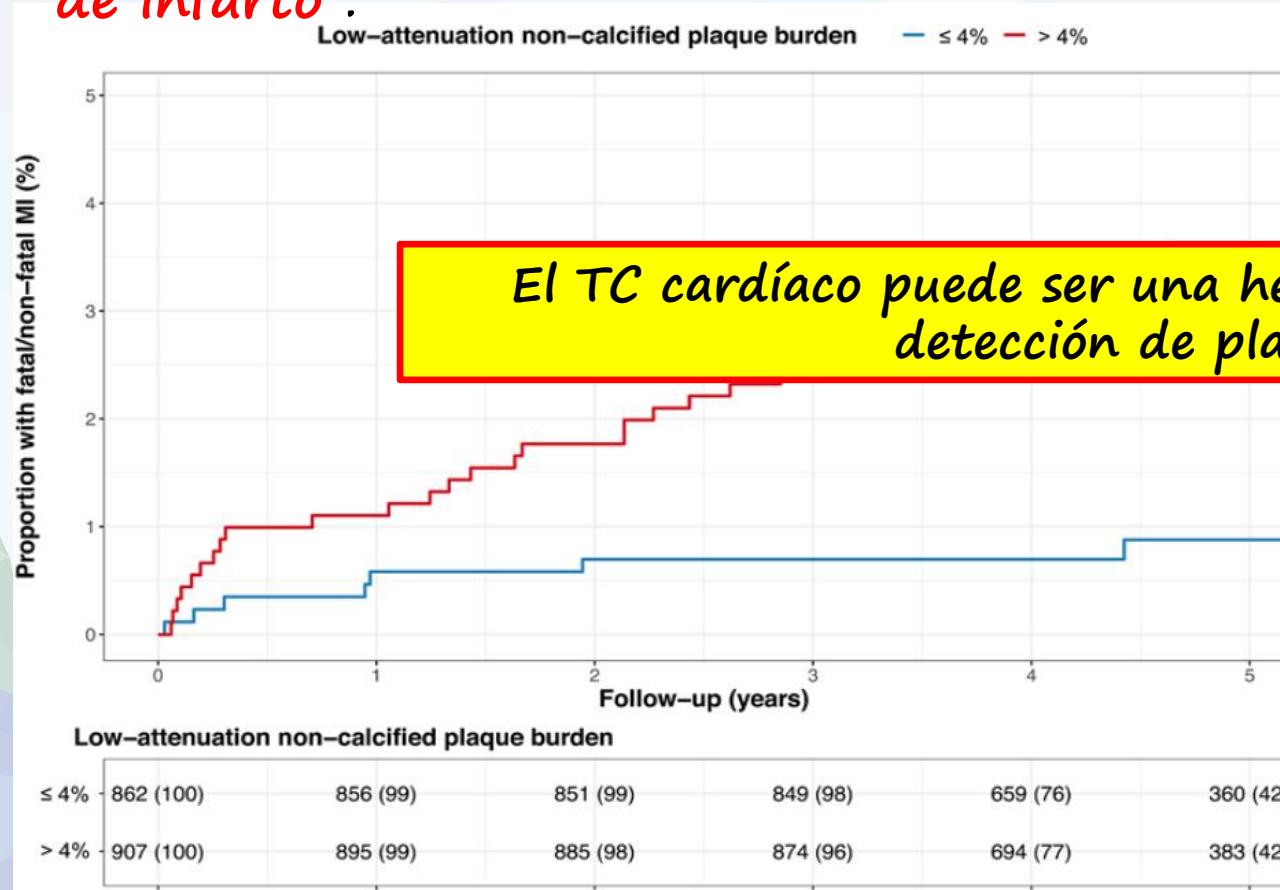
- Sub-estudio con los pacientes del SCOT-HEART aleatorizados a TC cardíaco.



Williams MC; Low-Attenuation Noncalcified Plaque on Coronary CT Angiography Predicts Myocardial Infarction; Circulation 2020

Obaid DR, et al; Coronary CT angiography features of ruptured & high-risk atherosclerotic plaques: Correlation with IVUS; Journal of CV Computed Tomography 2017

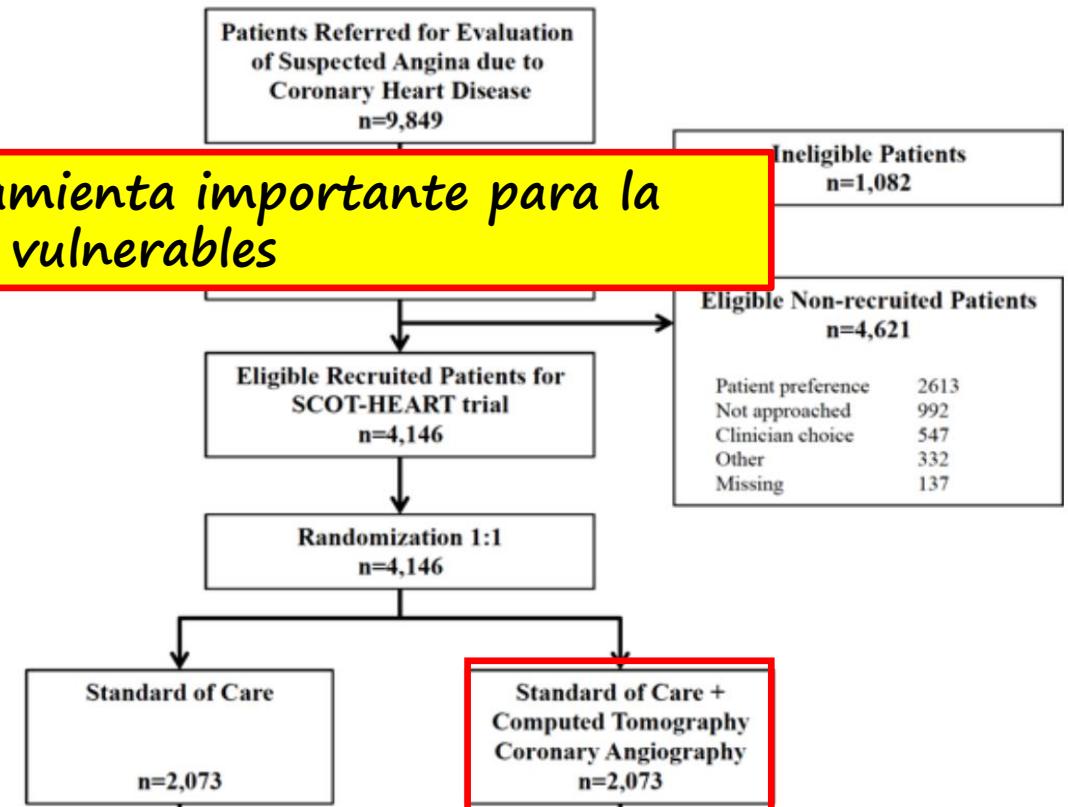
- En pacientes con SCC, la presencia de “low attenuation plaques” por TC cardíaco fue el **predictor más importante de infarto**.



El TC cardíaco puede ser una herramienta importante para la detección de placas vulnerables

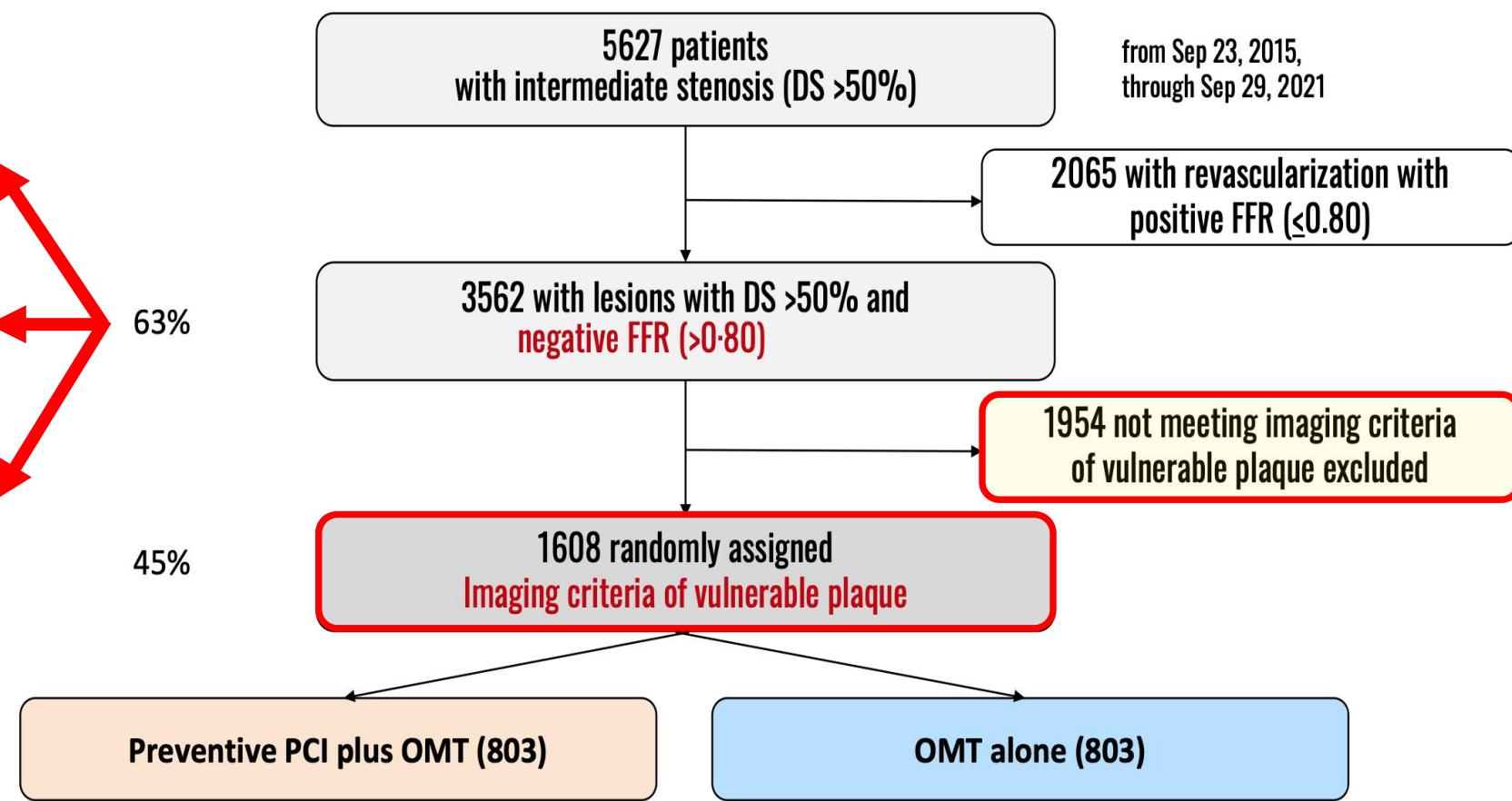
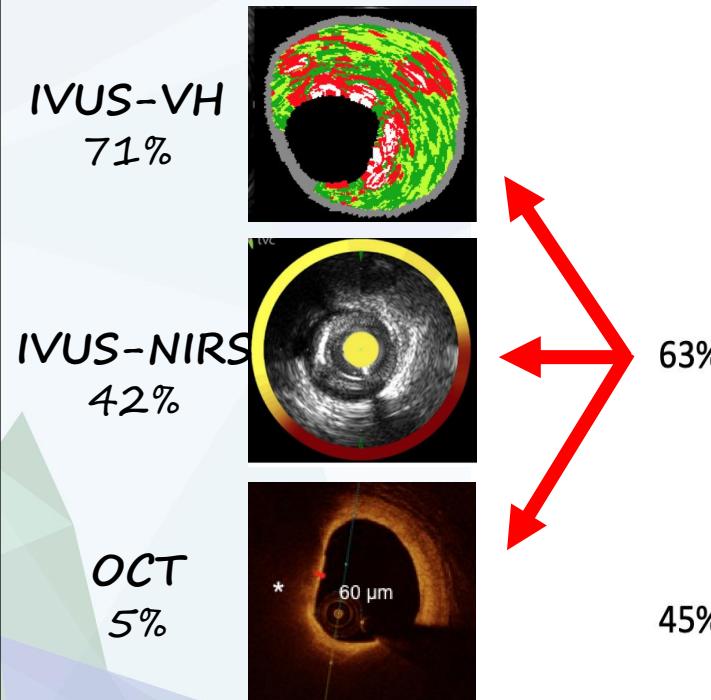


SCOT-HEART trial

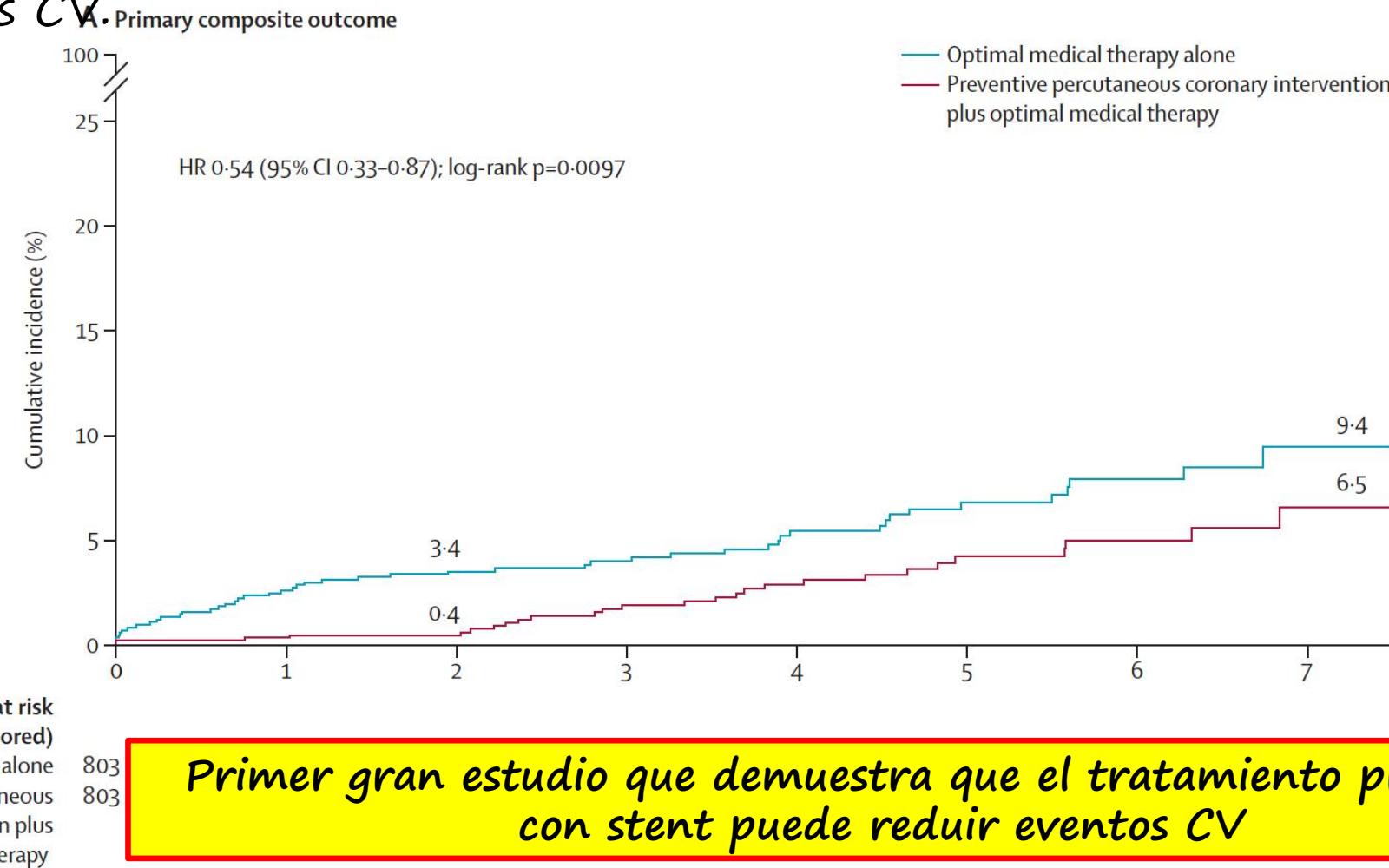


- En pacientes con SCC que se les realiza cateterismo y presentan lesiones intermedias por angiografía.

PREVENT



- Los pacientes con **placas vulnerables** presentaron menos eventos CV.



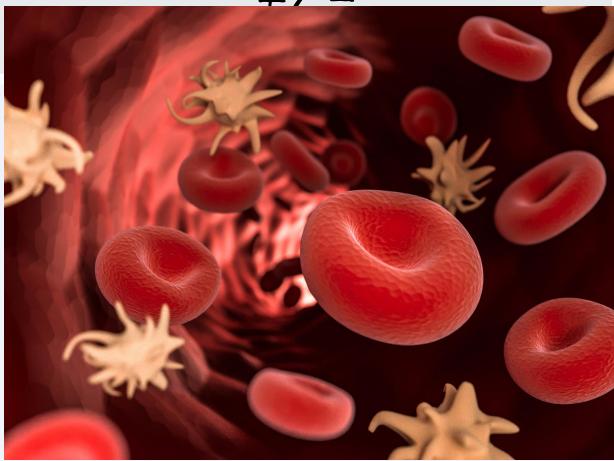
PREVENT

Primary end-point:

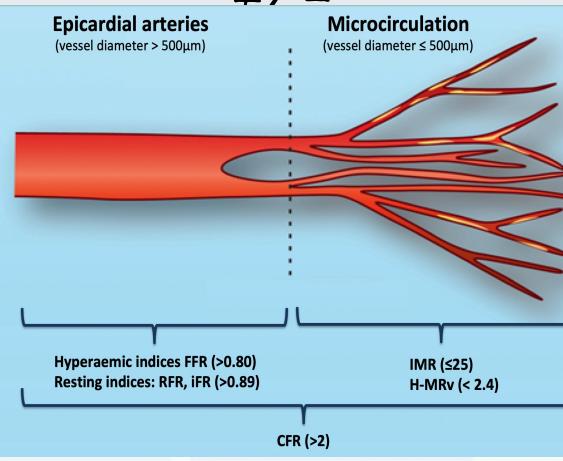
- Cardiac death
- TV Non-fatal MI
- Ischemic-driven TV revasc.
- Hospitalization unstable angina

Paciente con SCA = Paciente Vulnerable

Pacient con:	Sangre vulnerable (Pro-trombosis)	Miocardio vulnerable (Mala microcirculación)	Arterias vulnerables (Placas vulnerables)
Síndrome coronario agudo	+++	+++	+++
Síndrome coronario crónico	+/-	Epicardial arteries (vessel diameter > 500µm) Microcirculation (vessel diameter ≤ 500µm)	+/-



+++



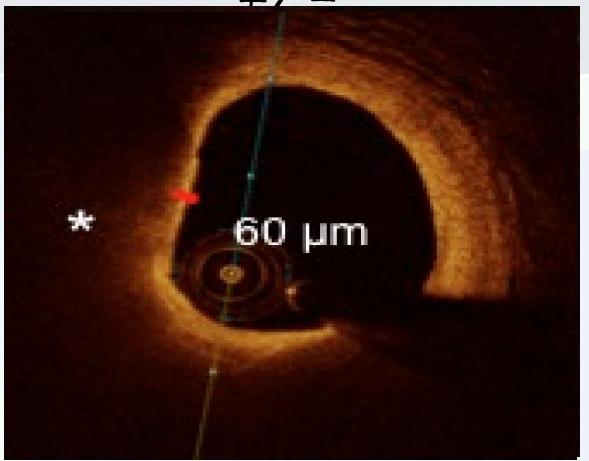
+/-

Epicardial arteries (vessel diameter > 500µm)
Microcirculation (vessel diameter ≤ 500µm)

Hyperaemic indices FFR (>0.80)
Resting indices: RFR, iFR (>0.89)

IMR (<25)
H-MRv (< 2.4)

CFR (>2)



+/-

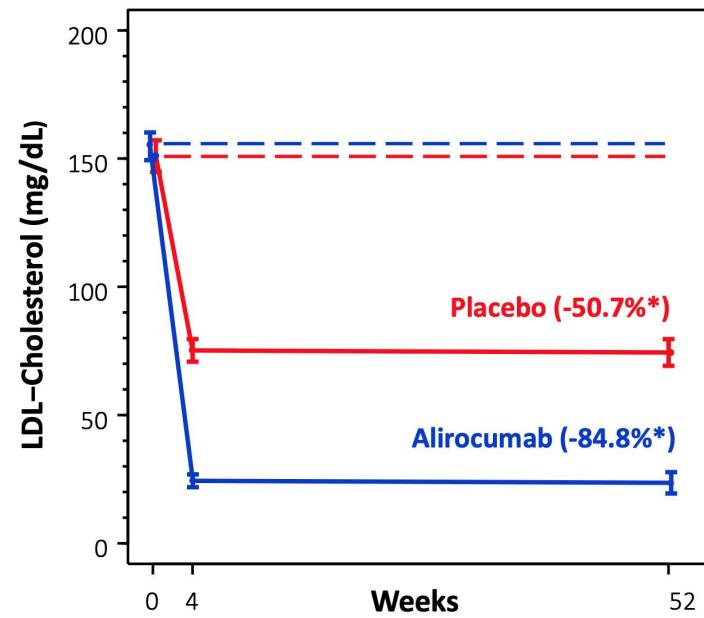
60 µm

- Un total de 300 pacientes con **SCA** estudiados con **IVUS**, **NIRS** y **OCT** en el KT inicial y aleatorizados a **alirocumab** vs. **placebo**. Se repite estudio a 1 año.

Change in LDL-C, mean (SD)

154.8 (31) mg/dL
4.00 (0.8) mmol/L

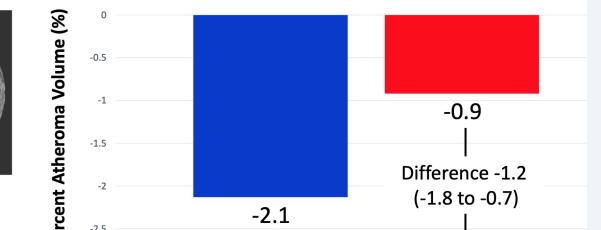
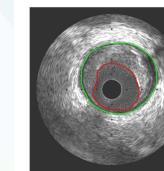
150.9 (36) mg/dL
3.9 (0.9) mmol/L



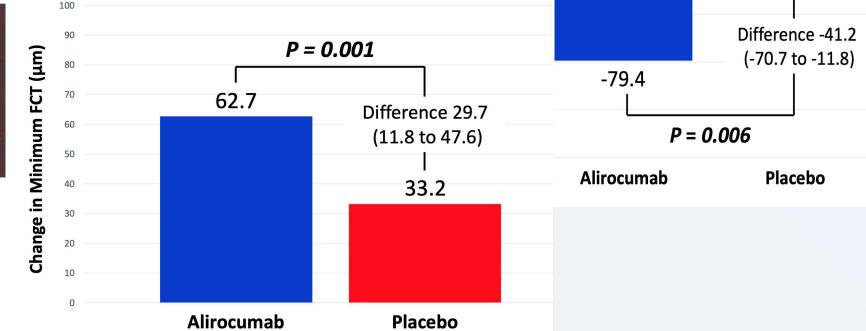
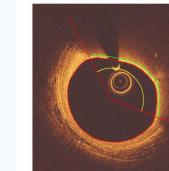
74.4 (31) mg/dL
1.9 (0.8) mmol/L

23.6 (24) mg/dL
0.6 (0.6) mmol/L

Change in Percent Atheroma Volume (IVUS)



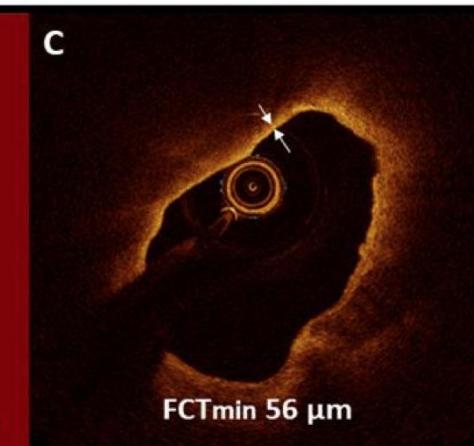
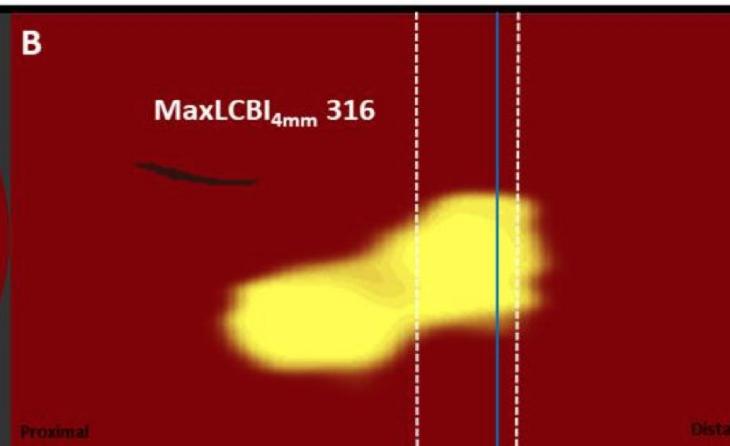
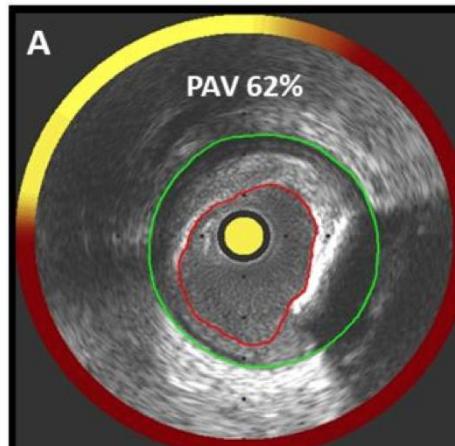
Change in Minimum FCT (OCT)



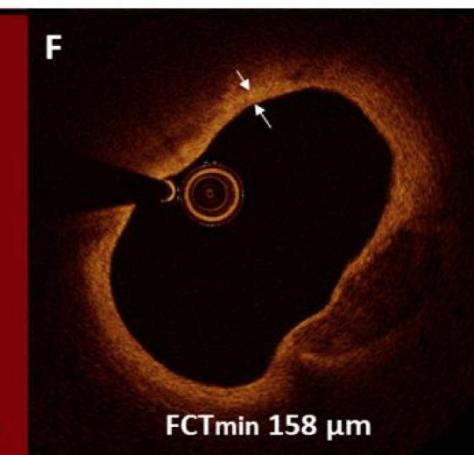
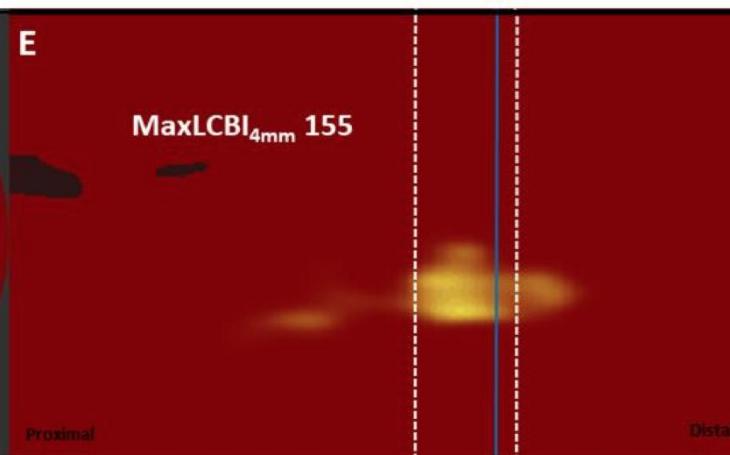
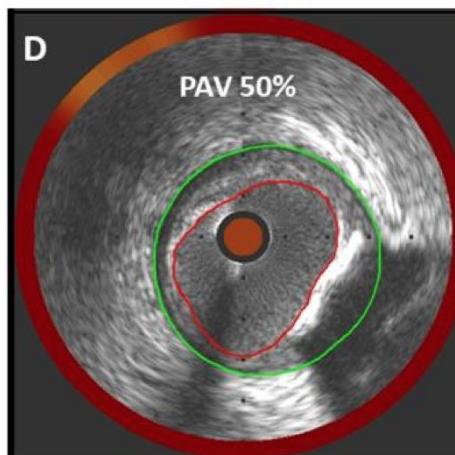
Case Example Alirocumab & Statin Group



BASELINE



52 WEEKS



VULNERABLE TRIAL

This is a controlled, multicenter, single blinded & randomized trial investigating the role of imaging and physiology in non-culpritSTEMI lesions.

> 45 Institutions

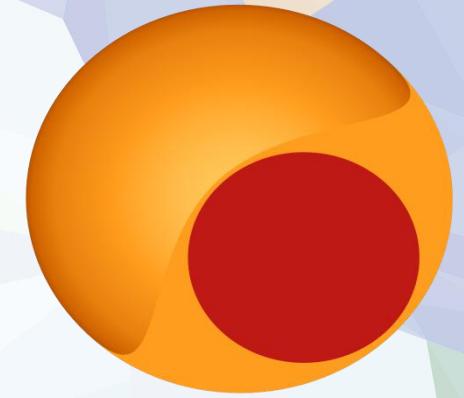
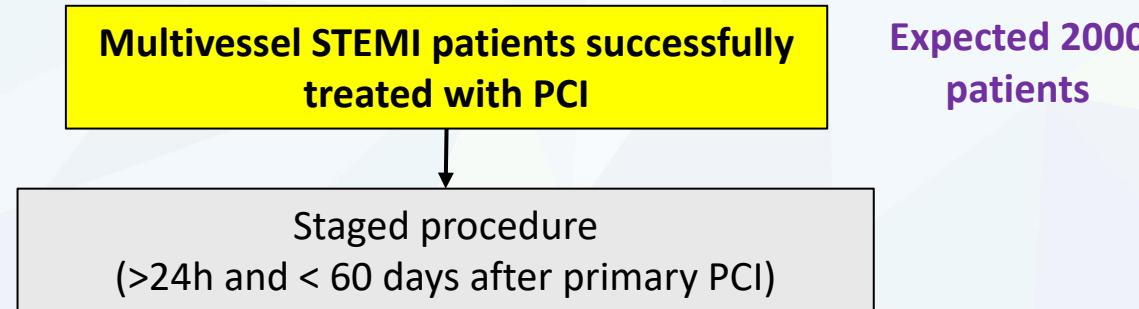


Vulnerable Trial
Epic 28



Grupo de trabajo de
diagnóstico intracoronario
de la ACI-SEC

VULNERABLE TRIAL

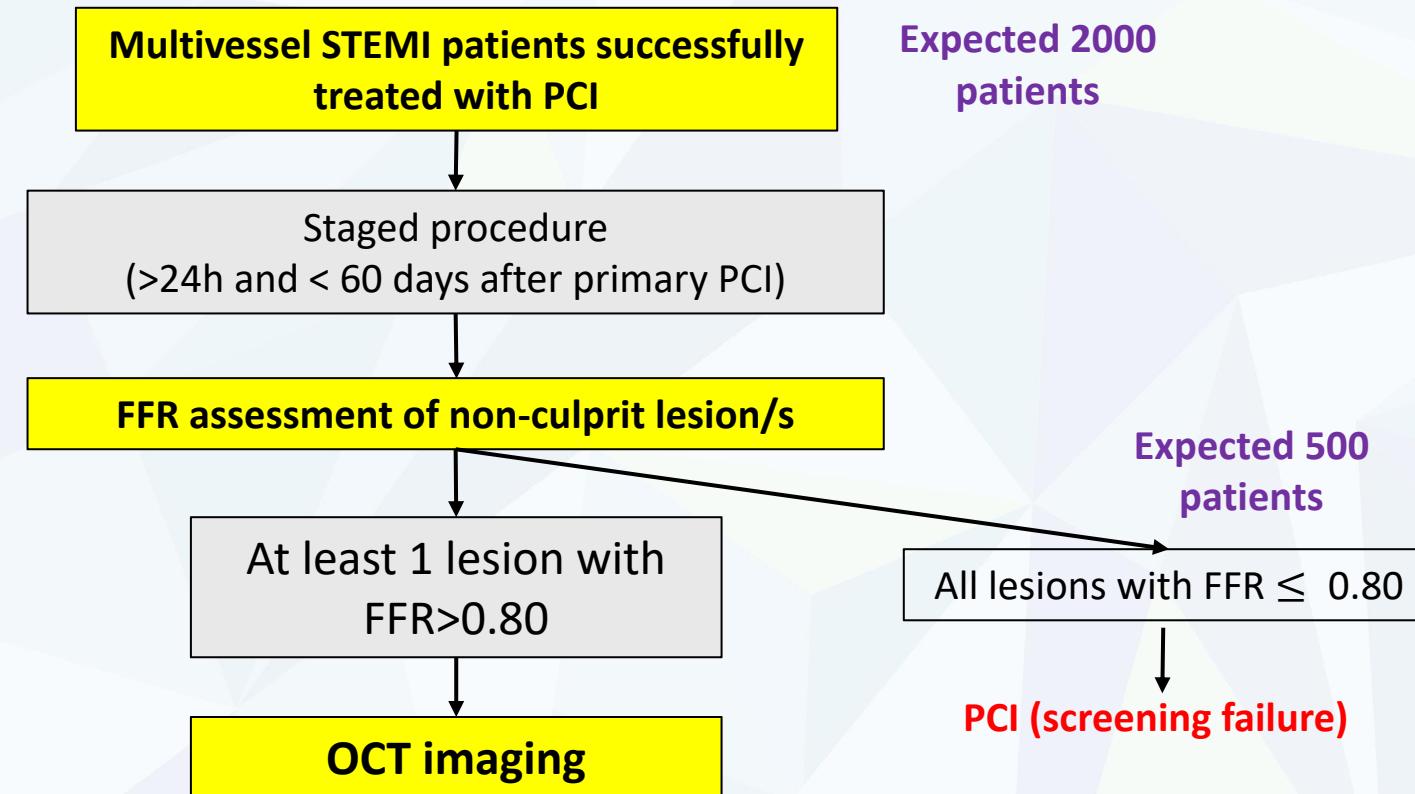
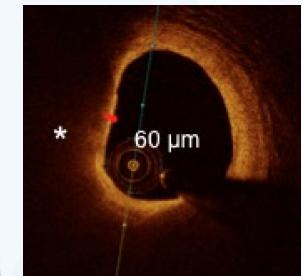


 Vulnerable Trial
Epic 28



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VULNERABLE TRIAL

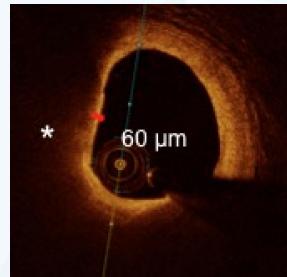
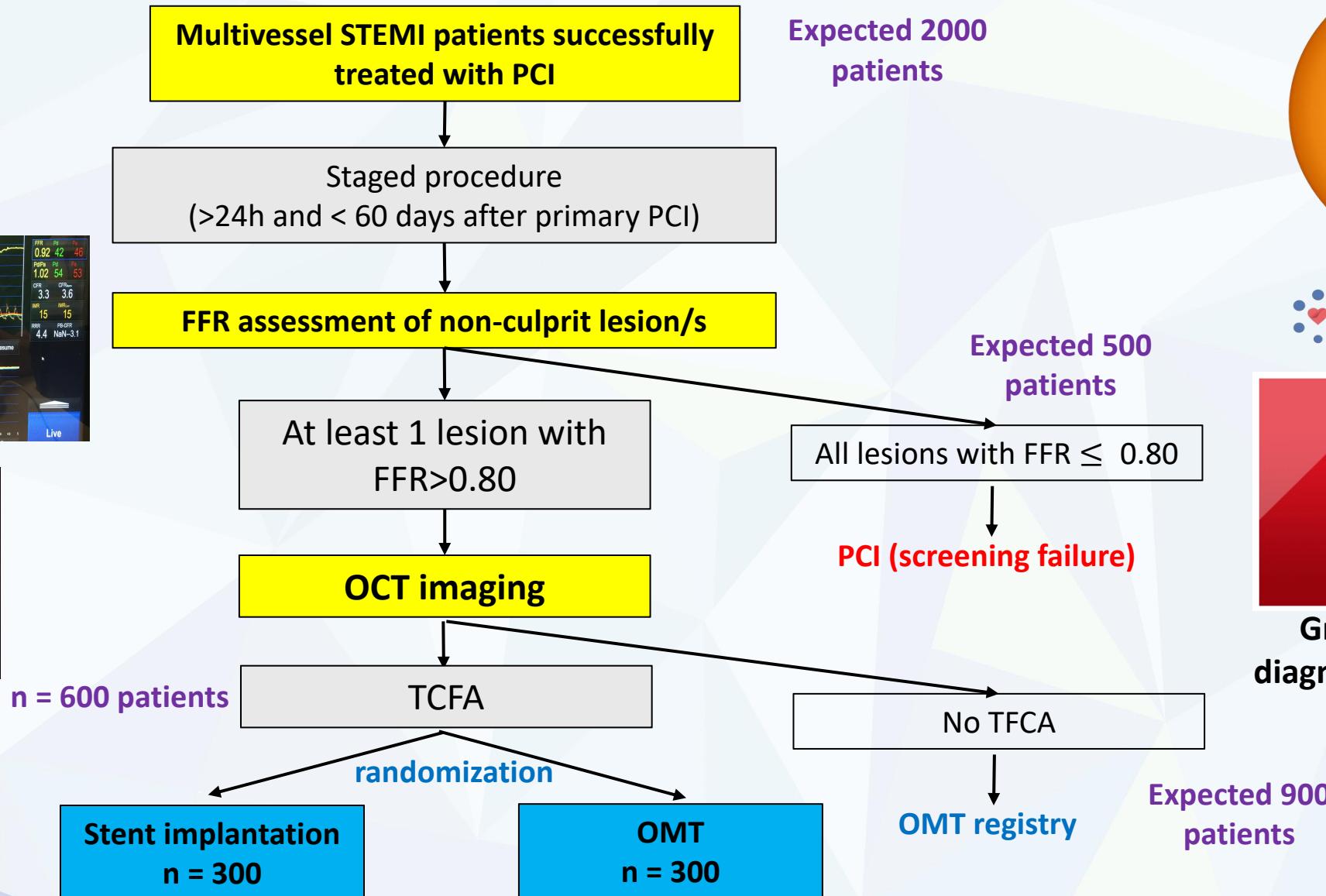


Vulnerable Trial
Epic 28

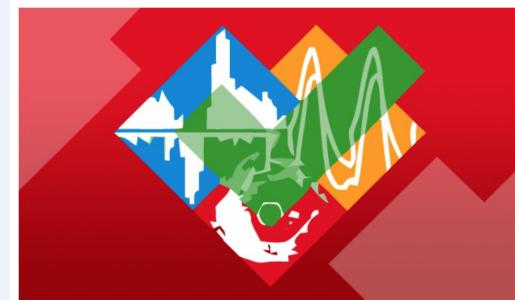


Grupo de trabajo de diagnóstico intracoronario de la ACI-SEC

VULNERABLE TRIAL



Vulnerable Trial
Epic 28



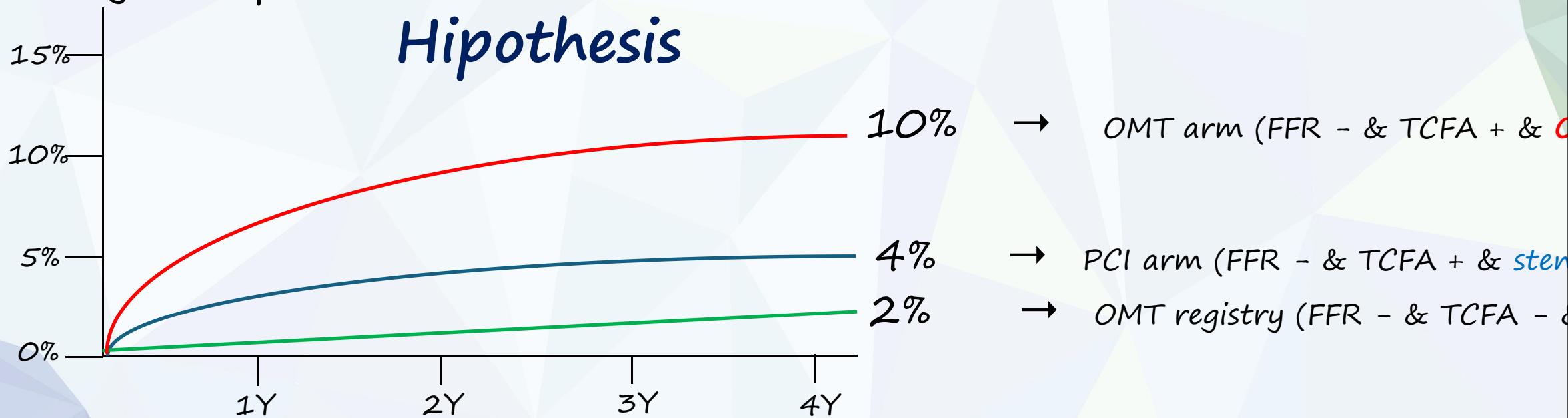
Grupo de trabajo de diagnóstico intracoronario de la ACI-SEC

VULNERABLE TRIAL

VULNERABLE TRIAL

- Primary end-point (Target Vessel Failure):
CV death + TV-MI + Ischemic-driven TV revascularization
- Clinical follow-up of 4 years.
- Sample size calculation for superiority with a difference of 6% in the primary end-point.

Vulnerable Trial
Epic 28



VULNERABLE TRIAL

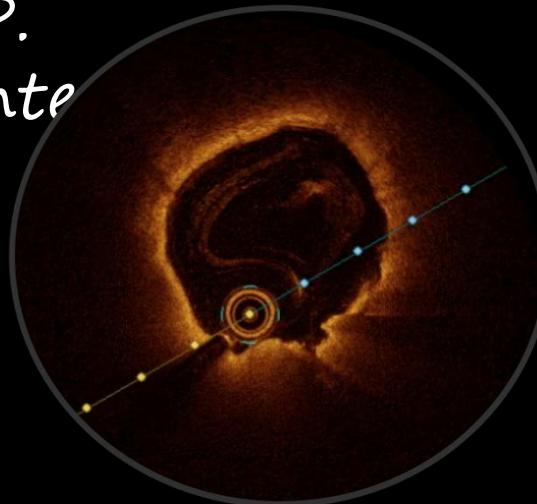
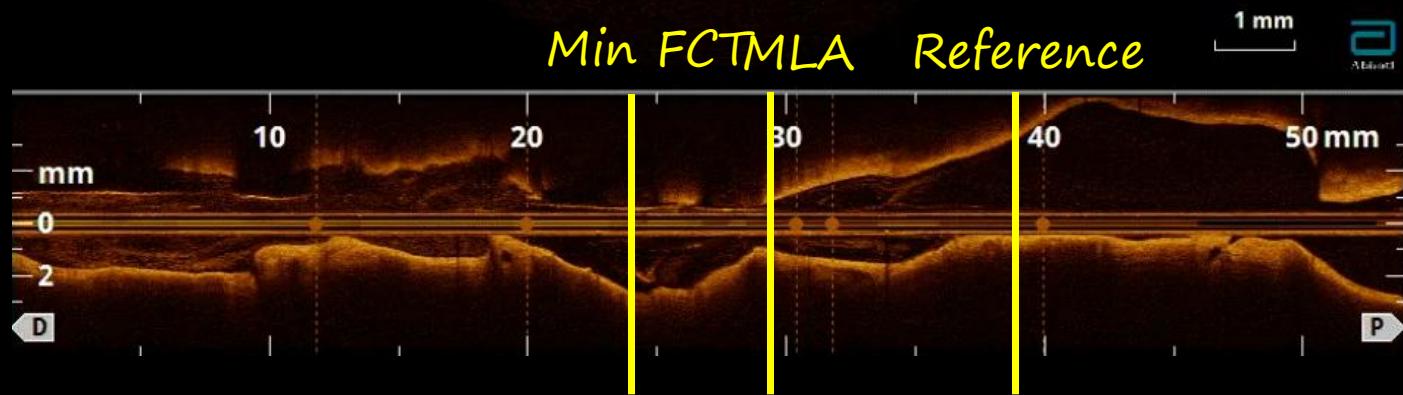
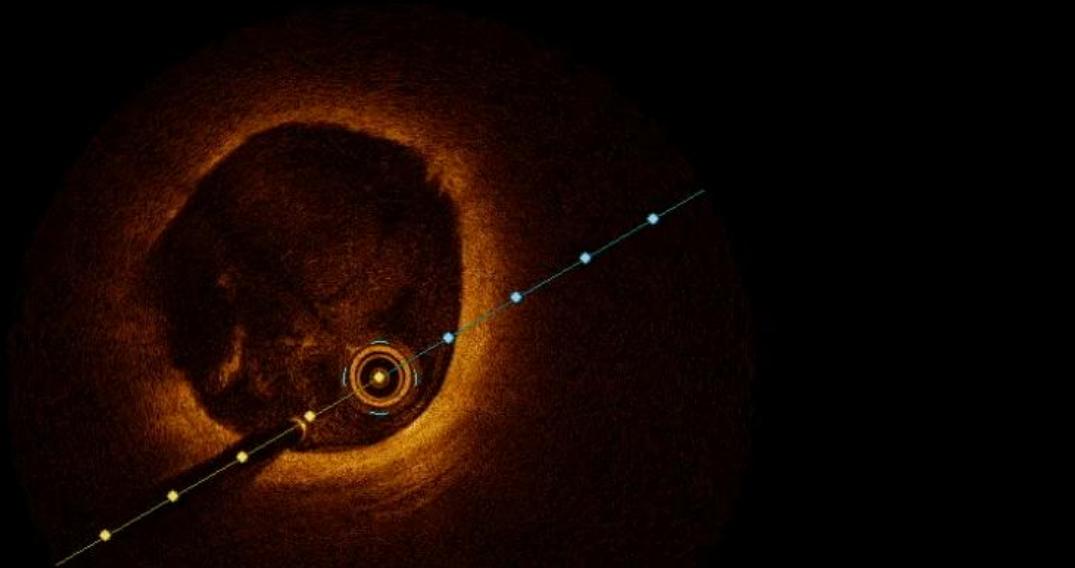
Estado del reclutamiento:



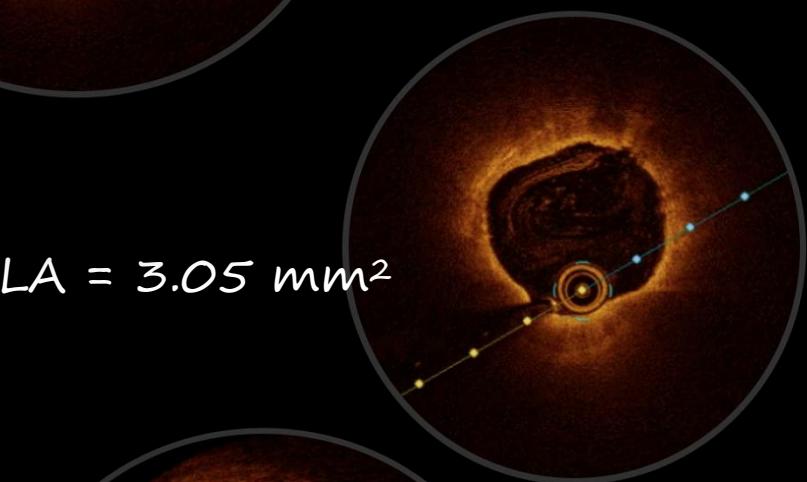
Ejemplo:



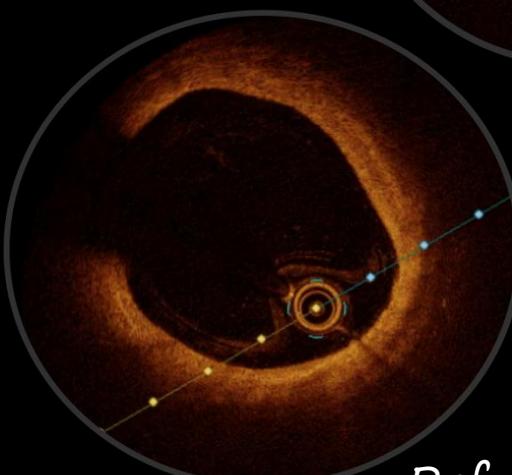
Hombre 51 años HTA y DLP.
En enero 2024 SCACEST ante
Se valora CD para el estudio



Min FCT = 0 μm



MLA = 3.05 mm^2



PB = 79%

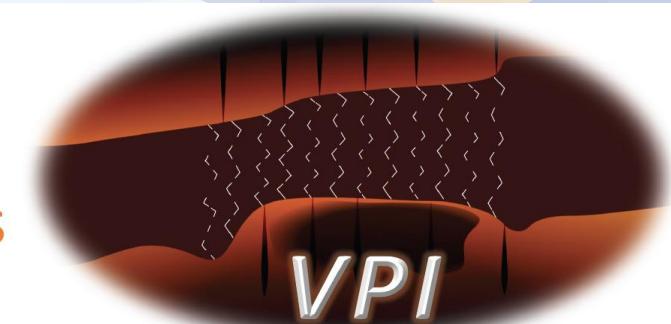
Ref. EEM = 14.52 %

Conclusiones:

1. El tratamiento preventivo con stent de lesiones NO isquémicas ($FFR > 0.80$) con características de placa vulnerable está aún por demostrar.
2. Tampoco tenemos datos sobre si un tratamiento médico intensivo permite “pasivar” estas placas.
3. Ni sobre los criterios anatómicos para catalogar una placa vulnerable, que técnica de imagen es mejor ni que grupo de pacientes puede beneficiarse más.

Os invitamos al primer curso sobre intervencionismo en placa vulnerable:

Vulnerable Plaque Interventions meeting



Héctor M. García-García
Medstar Medical Center, Washington, U



Lorenz Raber
Bern University Hospital, Switzerland



Carlos Collet
Aalst Medical Center, Belgium



Francesco Prati
San Giovanni Hospital, Rome, Italy



... y muchos más...

Fernando Alfonso
Hospital La Princesa, Madrid, España



Nieves Gonzalo
Hospital San Carlos, Madrid, España



Inés García Lunar
CNIC, Madrid, España



Richard Rapoza
VP Abbott, California, US

Hotel AC Atocha
C/ Delicias, 42 - Madrid

Save the date:
23 / 01 / 2025

Bit.ly/VPI25



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